





As battery demand shifts towards high energy cathodes, the limitations of graphite require silicon additives to achieve high energy density.

In fact, silicon based anode materials are being introduced by more and more companies.

NIO & GAC announce "inorganic pre-lithiated silicon carbon negative electrode technology"

Carbon-coated silicon oxide (SiO, /C) & silicon-carbon (Si/C) particles are by far the most commercially successful graphite composite materials.

The degree of difficulty at maintaining battery performance increases as silicon content increases from Si < 10% Tesla/Panasonic to 30% academic research.

Pure silicon anodes still been a number of years away.

Graphite > \$7k USD/ton Silicon battery materials > \$20k USD/ton

LG chem <u>SiO</u>X

Graphite Composites

Carbon Coated Silicon	Carbon coated SiOx
High Capacity 400-600mAh/g@0.1C	High Capacity 420-500mAh/g@0.1C
1st Efficiency 84-90%	1st Efficiency 90-92.5%
High rate	Lower expansion
Cycle Life < 1000	Cycle Life >1000
	Lower expansion
54800 3 0kV 8 0mm x500 SE(M) 100um	4800 3 0kV 7.9mm x1.00k SE(M) 50 0um

Road to > 300Wh/kg is paved with little bits of Silicon

CATL: High Nickel cathode combined with silicon carbon anode with specific energy ≥304Wh/kg.

Lishen High Nickel cathode combined with silicon carbon anode with specific energy ≥303Wh/kg.

Guoxuan Hi-Tech: High nickel cathode (Ni₈₀-Ni₆₀) combined with silicon carbon anode with specific energy \geq 300Wh/kg.

China Suppliers





GROUP14 Si/C

> Si/C China

> > Si/C S.Korea

USA

